

# **Geography in EYFS**

## Overview

## Geography

-In Geography, we learn about the Earth and its people.

-We look at the different natural things that are found on Earth, for example rivers and mountains.

-We also look at how people live in different parts of the world.

In EYFS, we learn about the world and the people around us, (our 'familiar world')

Almost all of the early Geography learning can be found in <u>'Understanding the World'</u>, one of the 7 learning areas.

Understanding the World									
	<b>Living Things -</b> <b>Animals</b> Sub-Area: The Natural World	-Animals are living things. -Animals get their food by eating plants or other animals. Animals can be big like elephants, or small like mice. We humans are animals! <u>Some animals you may see around you</u> Cats Dogs Rabbits Lizards Bees Flies Cows Horses Sheep Pigs Goats Chickens Pigeons Worms Beetles Badgers							
	<b>Living Things -</b> <b>Plants</b> Sub-Area: The Natural World	-Plants are also living things. -Most plants do not eat other plants or animals for food. Plants can be big like trees, or small like weeds. <u>Some plants that you may see around you:</u> -Grass -Weeds -Trees -Bushes -Flowers -Stinging Nettles -Dandelions -Daisies							
	<b>The Seasons -</b> Sub-Area: The Natural World	<ul> <li>The weather changes at different times in the year.</li> <li>The four seasons are winter, spring, summer and autumn. It is coldest in the winter and warm in summer.</li> <li>We can see different plants and animals in the different seasons.</li> </ul>							





#### Our World

Our world is a <u>planet</u> called <u>Earth</u>. It is one of a number of planets that go around <u>the Sun</u>.
On Earth, there are many different <u>countries</u>. In each country, there are <u>cities</u>, towns and villages.
Which country do you live in? Which town/city?

## Natural and Man-Made

-Humans share the planet with lots of other things, including plants and animals, mountains, rivers, and oceans. None of these things are made by people. They are a part of <u>nature</u> – they are <u>natural</u>. -There are also things that <u>people have made</u> in the world (<u>man-made</u>), Examples include buildings, cars, benches, tables, televisions, and toys!

### Similarities and Differences

-We learn about how some environments are different. -We look at how the weather changes with the seasons. We go outside to play and learn in all weathers!

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			Extended Learn
es ers food. 5.		<b>Communities</b> & <b>Traditions</b> Sub-Area: People, Culture and Communities	<u>-A communit</u> particular pl -E.g. all of the t school me -Your town -A <u>tradition</u> is community do, -E.g. eating ce
ies ear. Id Imer. e		<b>Environments</b> Sub-Area: The Natural World	- <u>Enviro</u> -Different peo o -Some example forest, beach, o

					Local Environments			
My House	My Garden	My School	School Playground	The Park	The Village/ Town/ City	The River	The Beach	Hill



#### **Key Vocabulary**

The World

Earth

People/ Humans

Animals

Plants

Nature

Man-made

Environment

Community

Tradition

#### Irning

<u>unity</u> is a group of people who live in a place or have something in common. The teachers, parents and children at your make up your <u>school community</u>. Whor village is your <u>local community</u>. The something that people in a group or do, that has been passed down over time. The certain foods, wearing certain clothes.

vironments are our surroundings. eople, plants and animals like to live in different environments.

ples of <u>natural environments</u> are: garden, h, desert, rainforest, polar or mountain.

The Forest

lills and Mountains